# LESSON 8: IT'S ALL IN THE NAME WEATHER VERSUS CLIMATE

#### **TEACHER BACKGROUND**

#### Overview:

Weather and climate are commonly misinterpreted by students as terms that are interchangeable. In fact these terms, while related, are different.

**Weather** is what we experience on a daily basis. It helps us decide what we should wear for the day or what to bring on an upcoming getaway in the next week. Weather is a prediction based on a variety of data collected in a variety of ways from ground stations to radars and weather maps are created to help us understand what to expect based on the evidence compiled by meteorologists.

Climate on the other hand allows us to see long term patterns in weather data collected over time. \*Note\* "over time" to you and "over time" to your students are completely different, so over time in relation to climate is usually no less than thirty years. Climate can tell us many things from seasonal information and planting zones to increases in global temperatures or carbon dioxide.

#### Preparation:

 You may want to check your note card stash and make sure you have enough for your students or you may need to cut paper in 4X6 rectangles; however you may wish this to be an opportunity for your students to measure and cut out the size paper needed for the *Elaborate* activity.

#### **Helpful Hints:**

- Depending on the proficiency of your students you may wish to-
  - pair a more proficient student with a less proficient student for computer work
  - pair a proficient reader with a less proficient reader.
- · You will either need to
  - o reserve the computer lab,
  - o reserve the mobile computer lab,

for students to do the Explore.

#### **GRADE LEVEL**

5-8

#### TIME TO COMPLETE

2-2.5 hours

#### PREREQUISITE KNOWLEDGE

Ability to quickly navigate between websites.

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- Utilize several online sources to investigate weather and climate
- Differentiate between weather and climate.





Student Grouping-Individual/Pairs/ Time: 20 min. Whole Group

#### **Essential Question:**

- A. Explain the difference between weather and climate from what you see in the maps.
- B. Create a definition for weather and for climate based on what you already know about each word and from what you discovered after looking at the maps.

# **ENGAGE**

#### **Directions:**

- Distribute the weather and climate map per pair of students or display it on your screen or smart board.
- Ask student pairs to create a t-chart in their science notebook, analyze the weather and climate maps, and list similarities and differences between the two.
- Have student pairs discuss their findings with other pairs of students at their table or in close proximity.
- 4. Have students answer the Essential Questions. The t-chart will be used as a tool to help them construct a response.

Student Grouping-Individual/Pairs Time: 30-40 min.

#### **Essential Question:**

C. Did you make changes to your original definition or did you stregthen your original definition? What prompted you to make these changes? Provide specific expamles.

#### Directions:

# EXPLORE

- Students will look at three sources to better make a determination as to the differences and similarities between weather and climate.
  - a. Watch this National Geographic video,3:22, Weather and Climate
  - b. Analyze and Create a Weather Forecast
  - c. Read: Climate Concepts
- Have students modify their original definition or stregnthen their original definitions based on the work in number one in their science notebooks.
- Allow students to do a gallery walk and compare their thoughts with thoughts of their peers as well as reflect on the quality of their work.

#### STUDENT OBJECTIVES

#### Students will-

- analyze weather and climate maps.
- analyze three sources and develop a working definition for weather and climate.
- design a weather and climate visual.

#### **MATERIALS**

- Science notebook
- Computer with internet access
- Paper
- Crayons/Map Pencils

#### **ACADEMIC VOCABULARY**

Weather, climate, green house gases, global, meteorologist, climatologist

# **LESSON LINKS** can be found under **Web References** at the end of this lesson

- Weather and Climate Map found on page 5 of this document
- Weather and Climate Video
- Weather Forecast
- Climate Concepts





	Student Grouping-Whole Group	Time: 15 min.
EXPLAIN	Essential Question:  D. What graphics (pictures) could be used to represent the differences between climate?	weather and
	<ol> <li>Directions:</li> <li>As a class come up with a definition for weather and climate that will be the w for this assignment. Post these definitions in the class.</li> <li>Have a discussion with students about how weather is a part of the climate possible aspect students need to understand in regards to climate is that decades of w utilized to help tell the story of climate around the global; you can't have one weather that will be the will be the story of climate around the global;</li> </ol>	ortfolio. One reather data are
ELABORATE	Student Grouping-Individual  Essential Question:  E. Why do you think people often confuse weather and climate or think that the vinterchangeably?  Directions:  1. Students will create a note card or a note card sized paper (4x6) that depicts of the confuse weather and climate or think that the vinterchangeably?	signment – 30 min. vords can be used
	one side and what climate it on the other side. Students should utilize graphic Student's work should be a visual that quickly allows the reader to understand.  Set your own expectations as to neatness, labeling, and color.	cs more than text.
EVALUATE	Student Grouping-Individual  Directions: You may choose to use the science notebook as an assessment tool or you may students choose) the assessment tool from below.  a. Concept Quiz – Found on pages 6-8 b. Essay – Found on page 9 c. Thinking Map-Double Bubble – Found on page 10	Time: 20-30 min. choose (or have





# **Web References**

#### **Climate Wizard**

http://www.climatewizard.org/#

# **The Weather Channel**

http://www.weather.com/maps/satelliteusnational.html

# **Weather and Climate**

http://video.nationalgeographic.com/video/player/science/earth-sci/climate-weather-sci.html

# Weather Watch-Scholastic-Analyze: Forecast the Weather

http://teacher.scholastic.com/activities/wwatch/analyze/

# **EPA-Climate Concepts**

http://epa.gov/climatechange/kids/basics/concepts.html

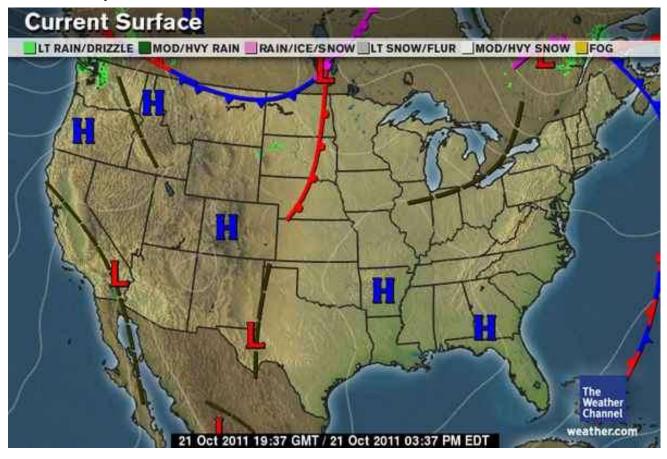
# **Gallery Walk Definition**

http://serc.carleton.edu/introgeo/gallerywalk/



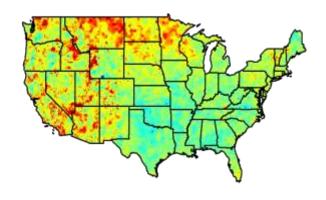


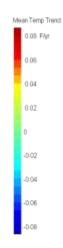
# **Weather Map**



# **Climate Map**

# Mean Temperature 1951 - 2006





Map produced by Climber Ward (p) University of Washington and The Rature Conservancy, X. Page climate state true the PRSM Green, Oncorn State University. Hitroforces extensions as

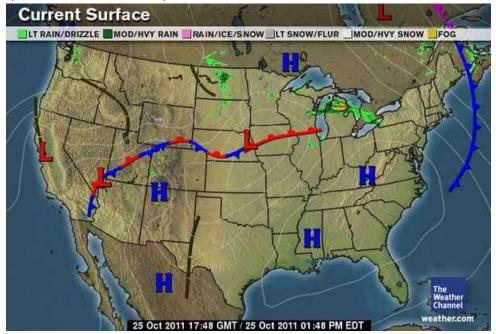




# **Science Concept Quiz**

# Lesson 8: It's All In a Name: Weather versus Climate

Use the map below to answer the question.



Why is the map above considered a weather map and not a climate map?

- A. Weather maps show a variety of variables such as temperature and precipitation where climate maps focus only on temperature
- B. Weather maps and climate maps show the exact same information.
- C. Weather maps create a picture over a short period of time, 1-10 days while climate maps create a picture over a long period of time, 30 years or more.
- D. Weather maps only show what is happening locally and climate maps can show us what is happening globally.

points of	ut of 20	)	
I. Ansv	ver		
A.O	в.О	c.O	D. (

\_\_\_\_ points out of 15

# II. What is the main concept behind the question?

- 1. Reading Maps
- 2. Predicting Weather Patterns
- 3. Change Over Time
- 4. Difference between Weather and Climate





Lesson 8: It's All in the Name Weather Versus Climate
points out of 25 III. Provide the reasoning for choosing your answer in part II.
points out of 40  IV. Why are the other responses in part I not the best answer choice?  1.
2.
3.
4.
Use the rest of this page if more room is needed to fully communicate your thoughts.





# **Teacher Answer Key**

- 1. C
- 2. D
- 3. Answers will vary. The question is stated in a way that I have to be able to differentiate between weather and climate to answer the question correctly.
- 4. Answers will vary.
  - A. Both weather and climate maps can show many variables; climate maps do not focus only on temperature.
  - B. Yes both maps can appear to show the same information but weather maps show for instance temperature highs and low for the day whereas climate maps will show average temperature highs and lows over many decades.
  - C. This is the correct answer. Weather maps tell us a variety of information over a period of days where as climate maps show us patterns over decades.
  - D. Both weather and climate maps can show us current or long range patterns at the local and global level.





Student Name Teacher/Class Date

# Lesson 8: It's All in a Name Weather versus Climate

Mark Twain is one of America's most beloved American authors and thought by some to be the father of American literature. He wrote such classics as, *The Adventures of Tom Sawyer* and the *Adventures of Huckleberry Finn*. Twain was fascinated by science and scientific inquiry.<sup>1</sup> He is quoted as saying,

"Climate is what we expect, weather is what we get." Using your knowledge of weather and climate explain what Mark Twain is saying.

# What Is the Expectation?

Use new lesson knowledge and/or student readings to support your position

Visual representations if applicable

Key vocabulary

Evidence of on grade level spelling and grammar usage





NAME:

DATE:

# Double Bubble Thinking Map Lesson 8: Weather Versus Climate

Differences

Similarities

Output

Differences

Put your Thinking Map into words-



